

BEGIN - NOVEMBER 17, 1959

30.24-9243

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BULLETIN

1959  
AUGUSTA, GA., NOV. 17 (AP)-A WHITE HOUSE SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS UNDER CONSIDERATION A SUGGESTION THAT HE INVITE FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN TO ACCOMPANY HIM ON HIS 11-NATION OVERSEAS TRIP.

ACTING WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY WAYNE HAWKS WAS ASKED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE WHETHER EISENHOWER HAS UNDER ADVISEMENT THE MATTER OF ASKING HIS PREDECESSOR TO GO ALONG ON THE TRIP STARTING DEC. 3, AS SEN. THOMAS J. DODD (D-CONN) HAS URGED.

"HE HAS IT UNDER CONSIDERATION, YES," HAWKS REPLIED. THE PRESIDENT, HAWKS SAID, HAS NOT REPLIED TO DODD OR BEEN IN TOUCH WITH TRUMAN HIMSELF ON THE MATTER. HE SAID HE EXPECTS A REPLY WILL GO TO DODD SHORTLY.

AT TRUMAN'S OFFICE IN INDEPENDENCE A SPOKESMAN SAID THE FORMER PRESIDENT KNEW NOTHING ABOUT THE PROPOSAL.

THE SENATOR WROTE EISENHOWER FRIDAY, SUGGESTING HE TAKE ALONG ONE OR MORE DEMOCRATS WHO ARE PROMINENTLY IDENTIFIED WITH INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS. DODD MENTIONED NOT ONLY TRUMAN BUT ALSO FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON, ADLAI E. STEVENSON, WHO RAN AGAINST EISENHOWER FOR PRESIDENT IN 1952 AND 1956, AND REP. CHESTER BOWLES, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO INDIA.

NEWSMEN HAVE BEEN INQUIRING ABOUT THE DODD LETTER EVER SINCE THE SENATOR RELEASED IT. HAWKS HAD ACKNOWLEDGED ITS RECEIPT LAST WEEK.

EISENHOWER IS VACATIONING AT AUGUSTA NATIONAL GOLF CLUB, TRYING TO GET IN SOME REST AND RELAXATION IN PREPARATION FOR THE UPCOMING GOODWILL MISSION ABROAD.

HAWKS SAID THE FIVE MEMBERS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF ARE FLYING DOWN FROM WASHINGTON IN THE MORNING TO CONFER WITH EISENHOWER. AND, ANSWERING QUESTIONS, HE SAID HE KNOWS OF NO DIRECT CONNECTION WITH THE PROSPECTIVE TOUR, PARTICULARLY A WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS NEAR THE CLOSE OF THE TRAVELS.

"THEY WILL DISCUSS MILITARY PLANS AND PROGRAMS," HAWKS SAID.

HE SAID THE MEETING WAS DESCRIBED TO HIM AS ANOTHER OF THE PERIODIC MEETINGS THE JCS HAS WITH THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF. POSSIBLY THE MILITARY BUDGET COULD COME UP, HAWKS SAID, BUT THAT IS NOT THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THE MEETING.

EISENHOWER HAD A SESSION ON THE MILITARY BUDGET YESTERDAY, WITH SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY AND NINE OTHER MILITARY AND FINANCIAL ADVISERS FROM WASHINGTON. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS, GEN. NATHAN F. TWining, SAT IN.

THE OTHER MEMBERS ARE GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR, CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE ARMY; GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE AIR FORCE; ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS; AND GEN. RANDOLPH MCPATE, COMMANDANT OF THE MARINE CORPS.

EISENHOWER, WHO IS ATTEMPTING TO GET THE 1961 BUDGET INTO SHAPE BEFORE HE TAKES OFF ON HIS TRIP OVERSEAS, HAD ANOTHER CONFERENCE ON SPENDING PLANS TODAY--AN HOUR AND 10-MINUTE EXPLORATION OF THE PROBLEMS AND FINANCE OF SPACE.

THE PRESIDENT PLANS TO CONTINUE HIS VACATION AT AUGUSTA AT LEAST FOR THE REMAINDER OF THIS WEEK, AND THERE IS A POSSIBILITY HE MAY STAY INTO NEXT WEEK.

ACTING WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, WAYNE HAWKS, SAID THERE IS A POSSIBILITY THAT OTHER OFFICIALS WILL BE COMING DOWN FROM WASHINGTON FOR CONFERENCES WITH EISENHOWER, BUT NOTHING DEFINITE HAS BEEN SETTLED. THE PRESIDENT. HAWKS SAID. DEFINITELY ISN'T GOING TO THE CAPITAL FRIDAY

TO TAKE PART IN THE DEDICATION OF THE NATIONAL SHRINE OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

THE RESULT MAY BE A BIGGER BUDGET FOR THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY.

CONGRESS CAME THROUGH WITH \$500,575,000 FOR CIVILIAN SPACE ACTIVITIES IN THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR.

THERE WAS NO DIRECT WORD ON ANY INCREASE OUT OF A CONFERENCE BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND NASA ADMINISTRATOR T. KEITH GLENNAN, BUT GLENNAN CAME DOWN FROM WASHINGTON TO TRY TO MAKE OUT A CASE FOR HEAVIER SPENDING IN THE REALM OF SPACE EXPLORATION.

WITH RUSSIA OUT IN FRONT IN THAT FIELD, THE PRESSURE IS ALL IN THE DIRECTION OF A BUDGET BOOST FOR THE 1961 FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING NEXT JULY 1.

NASA, AS A RESULT OF PRESIDENTIAL ACTION LAST MONTH, NOW HAS COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEVELOPING THE HUGE ROCKETS NECESSARY FOR PENETRATING SPACE. WASHINGTON SPACE OFFICIALS HAVE ANNOUNCED PLANS TO SPEED UP THE DEVELOPMENT AND TO PRESS FOR MORE MONEY TO CARRY THEM OUT.

NASA ALSO WILL NEED ADDITIONAL CASH BECAUSE IT IS TAKING OVER LABORATORIES, PRODUCTION FACILITIES AND MANPOWER OF THE ARMY'S BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM. BUT EXCEPT AS EXPANSION MIGHT BE INVOLVED, THIS WOULD REQUIRE A TRANSFER OF FUNDS FROM THE ARMY TO THE NASA BUDGET RATHER THAN A NET INCREASE IN GOVERNMENT SPENDING.

THE SATURN PROJECT, FOR WHICH CONGRESS ALREADY HAS SUPPLIED MORE THAN 100 MILLIONS, IS A NASA RESPONSIBILITY. THE OBJECTIVE IS TO DEVELOP A BOOSTER ROCKET WITH 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST--ABOUT TWICE THAT WHICH SHOT A RUSSIAN ROCKET AROUND THE MOON.

AFTER 70 MINUTES WITH GLENNAN, EISENHOWER WORKED FOR A WHILE ON WHITE HOUSE BUSINESS.

THEN HE HURRIED TO THE FIRST TEE AT THE AUGUSTA NATIONAL GOLF CLUB AND DROVE OFF FOR THE SIXTH ROUND OF GOLF IN THE SIX DAYS HE HAS BEEN VACATIONING HERE.

EISENHOWER SENT MESSAGES TODAY TO PRESIDENT CELAL BAYAR AND PRIME MINISTER ADNAN MENDERES OF TURKEY EXPRESSING GRATIFICATION AT HIS OPPORTUNITY TO VISIT ANKARA ON HIS 11-NATION GOOD WILL TOUR NEXT MONTH. HE WAS REPLYING TO LETTERS FROM THE TURKISH LEADERS, WHO SPOKE APPRECIATIVELY OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EFFORTS TO STRENGTHEN TIES BETWEEN FREE NATIONS AND BRING PEACE AND SECURITY TO THE WORLD.

H0353PES NM

A147AX

FIRST LEAD EISENHOWER (230)  
BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

AUGUSTA, GA., NOV. 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PUT IN 70 MINUTES TODAY GOING OVER SPACE PROBLEMS AND THE BUDGET FOR SPACE EXPLORATION WITH DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN.

GLENNAN IS ADMINISTRATOR OF NASA--THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY. HE FLEW DOWN FROM WASHINGTON LATE YESTERDAY TO BACK UP NASA REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR THE 1961 FISCAL YEAR STARTING NEXT JULY 1.

THE PRESIDENT RECEIVED HIM IN HIS TEMPORARY OFFICE AT AUGUSTA NATIONAL GOLF CLUB AT 8 A.M. GLENNAN LEFT AT 9:10, RELAYING WORD TO NEWSMEN THERE WAS NOTHING HE COULD DISCUSS WITH THEM.

THE SPACE CONFERENCE OUT OF THE WAY, EISENHOWER GOT HIS DAILY BRIEFING ON INTELLIGENCE REPORTS FROM WHITE HOUSE STAFF SECRETARY ANDREW J. GOODPASTER. THE TWO ALSO DISCUSSED MORE DETAILS ON THE PRESIDENT'S DECEMBER TRIP TO 11 EUROPEAN, ASIAN AND AFRICAN NATIONS, A



SPOKESMAN SAID.

THEN, WITH AN EYE ON THE WEATHER, THE PRESIDENT HURRIED ONTO THE GOLF COURSE FOR HIS SIXTH ROUND IN THE SIX DAYS HE HAS BEEN HERE. THE WEATHERMAN PREDICTED RAIN FOR LATER IN THE DAY.

ONE BIT OF BUSINESS WAS THE DISPATCH OF MESSAGES TO PRESIDENT CELAL BAYAR AND PRIME MINISTER ADNAN MENDERES OF TURKEY SAYING HE IS LOOKING FORWARD TO VISITING ANKARA NEXT MONTH AND PAYING HIS RESPECTS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE OF TURKEY.

BAYAR HAD WRITTEN THE PRESIDENT THAT THE LATTER'S TRIP "CONSTITUTES A NEW PROOF OF THE GREAT EFFORTS WHICH YOU DISPLAY FOR THE STRENGTHENING OF THE SOLIDARITY BETWEEN THE FREE NATIONS AND THE REALIZATION OF THE IDEALS OF PEACE AND SECURITY."

ONE NASA PROJECT IS SATURN. THE GOAL: A BOOSTER ROCKET WITH 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST. THIS WOULD DOUBLE THE PUSH WHICH SENT A RUSSIAN ROCKET AROUND THE MOON AND IT WOULD BE A BIG STEP TOWARD GETTING A MANNED ROCKET ALOFT.

CONGRESS ALREADY HAS PUT UP 104 MILLION DOLLARS FOR SATURN.

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 CONGRESS PROVIDED \$500,375,000 FOR ALL CIVILIAN SPACE ACTIVITIES. THE FIGURE APPEARS LIKELY TO GO UP, ALTHOUGH SOME OF THE INCREASE MIGHT BE ONLY ON PAPER.

SPACE OPERATIONS STILL WOULD CLAIM ONLY A COMPARATIVELY SMALL PART OF THE TOTAL BUDGET. THE MILITARY SHARE IS THE BIG ONE--ROUGHLY HALF. THE DEFENSE BUDGET MAY GO A BIT HIGHER, TOO.

EISENHOWER WENT OVER MILITARY SPENDING PLANS YESTERDAY WITH SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY, BUDGET DIRECTOR MAURICE H. STANS AND EIGHT OTHER WASHINGTON OFFICIALS. THE OUTCOME WAS A TENTATIVE AGREEMENT TO GIVE THE ARMED SERVICES A LITTLE MORE MONEY AND THE NAVY AND AIR FORCE A LITTLE LESS MANPOWER.

THIS WOULD MEAN THAT MILITARY SPENDING WOULD CROSS FROM A LITTLE BELOW 41 BILLION DOLLARS FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR TO A LITTLE ABOVE FOR NEXT YEAR. IT WOULD MEAN A SMALL CUT IN MILITARY PERSONNEL WHICH NOW STANDS AT ABOUT 2 1/2 MILLION.

THE TREND IS TOWARD PUTTING MORE RELIANCE AND CASH INTO MODERN WEAPONS RATHER THAN MEN IN UNIFORM; TOWARD MISSILES RATHER THAN MANNED BOMBERS.

EISENHOWER IS STRIVING TO GET BOTH THE MILITARY AND OVERALL BUDGETS BUTTONED UP BEFORE HE TAKES OFF DEC. 3 ON A GOODWILL TRIP TO 11 EUROPEAN, ASIAN AND AFRICAN NATIONS.

EITHER HERE OR IN WASHINGTON, STANS EXPECTS TO SEE THE PRESIDENT BEFORE THE WEEK ENDS AND TRY TO GET THE WHOLE BUDGET MOLDED INTO NEAR-FINAL FORM. THERE HAVE BEEN SOME INDICATIONS IT WILL GO UP, TOO--PERHAPS A BILLION OR TWO BEYOND THE 79 BILLION SPENDING ESTIMATE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR.

KY310AESNM

A16WX (BJT)  
AMS BUDGET (450)

NIGHT LEAD NATO

BY JOHN SCALI  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TODAY TOLD THIS COUNTRY'S EUROPEAN ALLIES "THE TIME HAS COME" FOR THEM TO SHOULDER MORE OF THE BURDEN OF AIDING UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS. HERTER SPOKE OUT ON WHAT HE CALLED "THIS CRITICAL AREA OF WORLD LEADERSHIP" IN A SPEECH BEFORE LEGISLATORS REPRESENTING THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT COUNTRIES.

HE PLEDGED THE UNITED STATES WOULD CONTINUE TO CARRY A FAIR SHARE OF THE ECONOMIC BURDEN WHILE ALSO PROVIDING WEAPONS AND DOLLARS FOR MILITARY DEFENSES AGAINST RUSSIA.

"WE . . . BELIEVE THE TIME HAS COME FOR OTHER PROSPEROUS INDUSTRIAL NATIONS TO SHARE MORE FULLY IN THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR ASSISTING THE DEVELOPING AREAS OF THE WORLD IN THEIR EFFORTS AT ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT," HE SAID.

"THIS IS, PERHAPS, THE MOST CREATIVE AND CRITICAL AREA OF WORLD

LEADERSHIP TODAY."

HERTER'S CAREFULLY PREPARED SPEECH FORESHADOWED A DETERMINED CAMPAIGN BY THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION TO PERSUADE PROSPEROUS EUROPEAN NATIONS, AS WELL AS JAPAN, CANADA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, TO STEP UP SUBSTANTIALLY THEIR SPENDING IN AFRICA AND ASIA.

AT PRESENT, THESE NATIONS ARE GIVING ABOUT \$1,300,000,000 ANNUALLY IN SUCH HELP. NINETY PER CENT OF THIS, HOWEVER, GOES TO THEIR OWN OVERSEAS TERRITORIES.

TOP ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS BELIEVE THESE COUNTRIES COULD ADD PERHAPS A HALF A BILLION DOLLARS MORE TO SUCH PROGRAMS WITHOUT STRAIN.

ABOUT 900 MILLION DOLLARS OF THE CURRENT \$3,200,000,000 (B) IN U.S. FOREIGN AID IS BELIEVED TO BE DEVOTED TO DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS. MOST OF THIS GOES OUT IN LONG-TERM LOANS, SOME REPAYABLE IN LOCAL CURRENCY. THE REST OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FOREIGN AID HELPS MEET BUDGET DEFICITS IN KEY COUNTRIES, PAYS FOR FOOD, RAW MATERIALS AND WEAPONS NEEDED FOR DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNISM.

HERTER AVOIDED NAMING ANY COUNTRIES HE FEELS COULD DO MORE IN THIS FIELD. HE STRESSED THE NEED FOR ALL WEST EUROPEAN NATIONS TO SHOW MORE LEADERSHIP IN THE OVER-ALL DRIVE TO IMPROVE THE ECONOMIC AND MILITARY STRENGTH OF THE FREE WORLD.

THE MAIN TARGETS OF HERTER'S WORDS ARE BELIEVED TO BE WEST GERMANY, BRITAIN, ITALY, JAPAN, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, SWITZERLAND AND SWEDEN.

MOST U.S. AUTHORITIES BELIEVE THAT FRANCE, NOW PROVIDING SOME 750 MILLION DOLLARS YEARLY OF SUCH ASSISTANCE, CAN BE EXPECTED TO ADD VERY LITTLE TO THIS TOTAL.

HERTER ALSO CALLED FOR CONTINUING EMPHASIS ON JOINT DEFENSE MEASURES UNTIL SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV BACKS UP WITH SPECIFIC DEEDS HIS PROMISES TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO EASE TENSIONS.

"AS AN AFTERMATH OF THE KHRUSHCHEV VISIT, THERE DOES APPEAR TO BE A GREATER WILLINGNESS ON THE PART OF THE SOVIET UNION TO DISCUSS PROBLEMS FRANKLY," HE SAID, ADDING:

"THE DEGREE, IF ANY, OF SOVIET WILLINGNESS TO REACH REASONABLE SOLUTIONS TO OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED UNTIL FURTHER DISCUSSION TAKE PLACE."

IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS AFTERWARD, HERTER PREDICTED THAT A FIRM DATE FOR AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING WOULD BE FIXED BY DEC. 19.

ON THAT DAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS DUE IN PARIS TO BEGIN A WESTERN PRE-SUMMIT STRATEGY CONFERENCE WITH FRENCH, BRITISH AND WEST GERMAN LEADERS. HERTER SAID THE EAST-WEST PARLEY WOULD BEGIN AFTER KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT TO FRANCE. THIS IS SET FOR MARCH 15. HERTER SAID LAST WEEK HE EXPECTS THE SUMMIT SESSION BETWEEN MARCH 1 AND MID-APRIL.

AT ITS AFTERNOON SESSION, THE CONFERENCE UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED A REPORT URGING COOPERATIVE NATO ACTION IN SPACE RESEARCH AND EXPLORATION.

THE REPORT WAS DRAFTED BY THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE HEADED BY SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH). AMONG OTHER THINGS, IT CALLS FOR AN EARLY DECISION BY ALLIED POWERS IN EUROPE TO SET UP A PERMANENT ATLANTIC INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE STUDIES, A SERIES OF NATO OCEANOGRAPHIC EXPEDITIONS AND A COOPERATIVE EFFORT IN PEACEFUL OUTER SPACE RESEARCH.

IN PRESENTING THE REPORT, JACKSON SAID THERE IS AN URGENT NEED FOR NATO NATIONS TO SET UP A COMPREHENSIVE PROJECT WHICH WOULD HAVE AS ITS GOAL THE ACTUAL DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, LAUNCHING AND TRACKING OF AN OUTER SPACE VEHICLE.

JK743PES



B7WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY

(280) NATO-LANGUAGES  
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON TODAY ADVOCATED A FIVE-POINT NATO PROGRAM TO STIMULATE LEARNING AND TEACHING OF ASIAN AND AFRICAN LANGUAGES.

"THE LANGUAGE CURTAIN," SAID JACKSON, "IS AN EFFECTIVE BARRIER AGAINST THE FREE FLOW OF IDEAS AND MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING. UNLIKE THE IRON CURTAIN, IT IS AT LEAST PARTLY OF OUR OWN MAKING."

JACKSON'S PROPOSAL WAS MADE IN A SPECIAL REPORT TO THE NATO PARLIAMENTARIANS CONFERENCE, A MEETING OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENTS OR CONGRESSES OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY NATIONS. WITH IT WAS A REPORT ON THE PROBLEM FROM 26 LANGUAGE SPECIALISTS OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.

JACKSON SAID IT IS IRONIC THAT NATO, WHILE TRYING TO BUILD A COMMUNITY OF INTEREST WITH AFRICAN AND ASIAN NATIONS, HAS TRIED TO COMMUNICATE WITH THEM MAINLY IN "THE TONGUES OF THE FORMER GOVERNING NATIONS."

"THE ANOMALY OF THIS SITUATION IS ACCENTUATED BY THE AMBITIOUS LANGUAGE EFFORTS OF THE COMMUNISTS," HE SAID.

JACKSON SAID "OUR PRESENT SHORTAGE OF ASIAN AND AFRICAN LINGUISTS IS ACUTE. BUT EVEN MORE SERIOUS IS THE FACT THAT THERE ARE TODAY SOME 70 IMPORTANT LANGUAGES OF ASIA AND AFRICA FOR WHICH OUR TEACHING TOOLS ARE SKETCHY OR NON-EXISTENT."

HIS FIVE-POINT PROGRAM, WHICH HE URGED NATO TO ADOPT AND SUPPORT, FOLLOWS:

1. PREPARE A BASIC GUIDE TO THE TEACHING MATERIALS AVAILABLE IN ASIAN AND AFRICAN LANGUAGES.
  2. APPOINT A NATO LANGUAGE-AREA ADVISER AT NATO HEADQUARTERS IN PARIS, WHO WOULD ADMINISTER THE SPENDING OF NATO FUNDS FOR LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT.
  3. ESTABLISH RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS AND GRANTS TO REMEDY THE SHORTAGE OF TEACHERS AND STUDENTS IN THE FIELD.
  4. SET UP STUDY INSTITUTES AND SUMMER SCHOOLS AS A PRACTICAL TECHNIQUE FOR TRAINING TEACHERS AND RESEARCHERS.
  5. ESTABLISH COLLABORATION IN THE PROGRAM WITH ASIAN AND AFRICAN NATIONALS, AND ATTRACT THEM TO NATO COUNTRIES FOR LANGUAGE STUDY.
- JACKSON SAID THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION OF THE PROGRAM WOULD COST NATO COUNTRIES NOT MORE THAN \$500,000.

J:316AE

B50WX

(360) NIGHT LEAD U.S.-RUSSIAN ECONOMY

BY JOE HALL

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--A PENNSYLVANIA ECONOMICS PROFESSOR SUGGESTED TODAY THAT THE RUSSIANS, LIKE AMERICANS, MAY SOME DAY BE DEMANDING AT LEAST ONE AUTO FOR EACH FAMILY.

THE OBSERVATION CAME FROM PROF. HOLLAND HUNTER OF HAVERFORD COLLEGE IN TESTIMONY FOR A SENATE-HOUSE ECONOMIC SUBCOMMITTEE STUDYING AND COMPARING THE AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN ECONOMIC SYSTEMS.

HUNTER SAID SOVIET PLANNERS HAD DECLARED IT WOULD BE FOOLISH TO TRY TO MATCH U.S. PRIVATE AUTO PRODUCTION IN THE NEXT 15 YEARS.

HE NOTED ALSO THAT PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, ON HIS VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY, HAD POKED FUN AT AMERICAN COMMUTERS RIDING TO WORK ONE IN A CAR.

THE ECONOMIST SAID THE APPARENT RUSSIAN SOLUTION WAS A GREAT INCREASE IN INTERCITY PASSENGER TRAVEL BY PLANE WITH TAXI POOLS IN CITIES.

BUT HE RAISED THE QUESTION THAT THE SOVIET CITIZEN MIGHT NOT BE SATISFIED WITH SUCH A SYSTEM.

"WON'T HE FEEL THAT HIS RISING LIVING STANDARD SHOULD INCLUDE A CAR OF HIS OWN?" HUNTER ASKED.

"IF HE DOES, WOULD THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT BE USING RESOURCES SENSIBLY IN FOLLOWING THE AMERICAN EXAMPLE?"

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"PERHAPS THE U.S.S.R. WILL BE FORCED TO PROVIDE A CAR FOR EVERY FAMILY WHETHER IT IS SENSIBLE OR NOT. AS THE U.S.S.R. MOVES TOWARD OUR STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT, WE ARE LIKELY TO SEE A LOT OF VIGOROUS ARGUMENT ABOUT THESE MATTERS."

REP. THOMAS B. CURTIS (R-MO) TOLD HUNTER AND PROF. ERNEST W. WILLIAMS JR. OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY HE COULD NOT CONCEIVE HOW RUSSIA COULD HAVE MADE THE ECONOMIC ADVANCES ATTRIBUTED TO IT WITH SUCH A PRIMITIVE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM.

THE TWO PROFESSORS CONCEDED THAT THE SOVIET SYSTEM WAS A STRIPPED DOWN ONE COMPARED WITH THE U.S. TRANSPORTATION NETWORK.

BUT THEY SAID IT WAS OPERATED SO INTENSIVELY THAT IT WAS FULLY ADEQUATE FOR PRESENT SOVIET PURPOSES.

CURTIS ALSO WANTED TO KNOW HOW ALL SOVIET PLANTS COULD BE SERVED IF THE RUSSIAN RAILROADS HAD FEW BRANCH LINES.

HUNTER EXPLAINED THAT SOVIET INDUSTRY IS CONCENTRATED IN A FEW BIG CENTERS ON THE MAIN LINE.

THE CONGRESSMEN COMMENTED THIS APPEARED TO HIM TO MAKE THE SOVIET INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX HIGHLY VULNERABLE TO BOMBING.

HE SUGGESTED MAYBE THIS MIGHT MAKE MORE PLAUSIBLE THE PROTESTATIONS OF THE SOVIET LEADERS THAT THEY WANT PEACE.

JK701PES

B5WX (SEG)

(380) U. S.-RUSSIAN ECONOMIES

BY JOE HALL

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--RUSSIA'S TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM IS THE SECOND LARGEST IN THE WORLD AND APPEARS FULLY ADEQUATE TO THE TASKS SET FOR IT BY SOVIET RULERS, A SENATE-HOUSE ECONOMIC SUBCOMMITTEE WAS TOLD TODAY.

BUT THESE TASKS VARY SHARPLY FROM WHAT AMERICANS EXPECT FROM THEIR MUCH MORE SOPHISTICATED TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM, BY FAR THE WORLD'S LARGEST, TWO EXPERTS TESTIFIED.

THEY SAID THAT THE SOVIETS PLACE ALL OF THEIR EMPHASIS ON RAILROADS AND THAT THIS SECTOR IS EXPECTED TO CONTINUE TO GROW STEADILY. IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CONTRAST, RAILROADS IN SOME CASES ARE FIGHTING FOR THEIR LIVES.

PROF. HOLLAND HUNTER OF HAVERFORD COLLEGE TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT FOR THE NEXT SEVEN YEARS "IT SEEMS LIKELY THAT THE (RUSSIAN) TRANSPORTATION SECTOR CAN CONTINUE TO MEET DEMANDS WITHOUT CREATING A BOTTLENECK" SUCH AS APPEARED IN THE 1930'S.

HE SAID ALSO THAT "RAILROADS WILL CONTINUE TO DOMINATE THE SITUATION, AND THAT THE FINANCIAL HEALTH OF THE TRANSPORTATION SECTOR IS UNLIKELY TO DETERIORATE."

PROF. ERNEST W. WILLIAMS JR. OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SAID THAT MEASURED BY VOLUME OF TRAFFIC HANDLED THE SOVIET TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM "HAS BEEN GROWING FASTER THAN OUR SYSTEM AND IS PERFORMING A TRANSPORT TASK OF STEADILY INCREASING MAGNITUDE."

BOTH EXPERTS TESTIFIED IN THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S HEARINGS COMPARING THE AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN ECONOMIES.

HUNTER EXPLAINED THAT WESTERN TRANSPORTATION POLICY HAS BEEN JUST THE OPPOSITE OF RUSSIA'S. THE FORMER, HE SAID, "HAS BEEN TO BUILD AMPLE CAPACITY, BUILT AHEAD OF TRAFFIC, AS A POWERFUL MEANS OF ENCOURAGING GROWTH."

SOVIET POLICY, HE SAID, HAS BEEN TO TRY TO MEET NEEDS BY GREATLY INTENSIFYING USE OF EXISTING SERVICES, AND EXPANDING ONLY WHEN ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.



HUNTER SAID THE SOVIETS HAVE RESISTED ANY "LAVISH EXPANSION OF PRIVATE TRANSPORTATION."  
THUS THEIR 1958 AUTO PRODUCTION WAS 122,000 UNITS AND THEIR CURRENT SEVEN-YEAR PLAN CALLS FOR 200,000 TO 225,000 UNITS IN 1965. U. S. PASSENGER CAR PRODUCTION THIS YEAR IS EXPECTED TO REACH ABOUT SIX MILLION.

THE HAVERFORD PROFESSOR SAID THAT, DESPITE RAPID GROWTH OF THE SOVIET AIR INDUSTRY AND RELIANCE ON BUSES FOR SHORT HAULS, THE RAIL LINES IN 1965 ARE EXPECTED TO HANDLE 54 PER CENT OF LOCAL AND LONG-DISTANCE PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION.

IN 1965 ALSO, HE SAID, RUSSIAN RAILROADS ARE EXPECTED TO BE STILL CARRYING, AS THEY ARE NOW, NEARLY THREE-FOURTHS OF ALL FREIGHT.

CR303AES

A131WX (INSERT & MOSCOW)  
(300) SOVIET BUDGET

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--U.S. SPECIALISTS FIGURE SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV MAY CARRY OUT SOON HIS MUCH BALLYHOODED PROMISE TO ABANDON THE INCOME TAX IN RUSSIA. BUT THEY SAY IT WON'T MEAN A THING.

THE GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES HAVE COMPLETED ANALYSIS OF THE 1960 SOVIET BUDGET AND THEY NOTED TODAY THAT ONLY ABOUT ONE-SEVENTH OF ANTICIPATED RUSSIAN REVENUE NEXT YEAR WOULD BE PRODUCED BY THE INCOME TAX. THAT IS ESTIMATED IN THE BUDGET AT 57 BILLION RUBLES.

THESE AUTHORITIES SPECULATED THAT KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS FINANCIAL ADVISERS PROBABLY HAVE DECIDED THAT COLLECTION OF THIS SUM IS MORE TROUBLE AND EXPENSE THAN IT IS WORTH, AND THAT IT CAN EASILY BE MADE UP IN TWO OTHER TAXES--THE MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES IN THE SOVIET UNION.

IN 1960 THE SOVIET BUDGET CARRIES AN ESTIMATE OF 317 BILLION RUBLES TO BE PRODUCED BY THE TURNOVER TAX AND 203 BILLION FROM THE PROFIT TAX. THE TURNOVER TAX IS A LEVY ON THE SALE OF GOODS.

KHRUSHCHEV MADE A BIG PROPAGANDA POINT, DURING HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES IN SEPTEMBER, OF SAYING HE WOULD ABOLISH THE INCOME TAX. STUDENTS OF SOVIET AFFAIRS HERE SAID THAT IT HAS BEEN LITTLE MORE THAN A NUISANCE TAX IN ANY CASE.

THE BUDGET, PASSED BY THE SUPREME SOVIET ON OCT. 30, CARRIES AN OVER-ALL EXPENDITURE TOTAL OF 745,800,000,000 RUBLES INCLUDING 96 BILLION EARMARKED FOR DEFENSE.

AT THE OFFICIAL RATE OF EXCHANGE, THAT WOULD BE THE DOLLAR EQUIVALENT OF 24 BILLION FOR SOVIET DEFENSE AS COMPARED WITH BUDGETED U.S. DEFENSE EXPENDITURES OF MORE THAN 40 BILLION DOLLARS.

HOWEVER, THE SOVIET BUDGET CONTAINS SO MANY LARGE ITEMS FOR WHICH NO EXPLANATION IS GIVEN THAT U.S. OFFICIALS ARE CERTAIN THE REAL SOVIET OUTLAY FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES FAR EXCEEDS THAT WHICH IS ON THE RECORD.

ONE THING NOTED BY THE U.S. ANALYSTS IS THAT THE SOVIETS PLAN A 30 PER CENT INCREASE IN THEIR CHEMICAL INDUSTRY. RUSSIAN DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION OF PLASTICS IS KNOWN TO BE FAR BEHIND THAT OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WESTERN NATIONS.

JK&JC1017PES

A46

-95-  
MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV REPORTS THAT ROCKETS WITH HYDROGEN WARHEADS ARE COMING OFF THE ASSEMBLY LINE AT ONE SOVIET PLANT AT A RATE OF 250 A YEAR.

HE SAID THE SOVIET STOCKPILE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IS SO LARGE THAT IF ATTACKED "WE COULD RAZE ALL OUR POTENTIAL ENEMIES OFF THE FACE OF THE EARTH."

KHRUSHCHEV MADE THE REMARKS IN A SPEECH LAST FRIDAY TO A MEETING OF SOVIET JOURNALISTS. THE TEXT WAS RELEASED BY THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS TODAY.

"WE ARE READY TO SINK ALL THIS IN THE SEA IN THE INTERESTS OF

ENSURING PEACE ON EARTH," KHRUSHCHEV SAID, "...IF OTHER COUNTRIES WILL FOLLOW OUR EXAMPLE."

THE SOVIET LEADER SAID THE TOTAL DISARMAMENT PROPOSAL HE LAID BEFORE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT PROMPTED BY MILITARY, ECONOMIC OR POLITICAL WEAKNESS.

KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED HIS ANNOUNCEMENT OF LAST YEAR THAT THE SOVIET UNION WAS PRODUCING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES WAS NO IDLE BOAST.

HE DESCRIBED A VISIT TO A SOVIET MISSILE PLANT AND SAID: "BY THE WAY, I SHALL REVEAL (AND LET THE PEOPLE ABROAD KNOW IT, I AM MAKING NO SECRET OF THIS) THAT 250 ROCKETS WITH HYDROGEN WARHEADS CAME OFF THE ASSEMBLY LINE OF THE PLANT WE VISITED IN ONE YEAR."

"THIS IS MANY MILLION TONS IN TERMS OF CONVENTIONAL EXPLOSIVES. YOU CAN WELL IMAGINE THAT IF THIS LETHAL WEAPON IS EXPLODED OVER SOME COUNTRY THERE WILL BE NOTHING LEFT THERE AT ALL."

"SOME IN THE WEST CLAIM THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS CHANGED ITS POLICY AND THEREFORE IT HAS BECOME EASIER TO TALK WITH US," HE SAID.

"THIS IS WRONG, OF COURSE. COMMUNISTS WE WERE BORN, COMMUNISTS WE LIVE AND WILL NOT DIE BUT CONTINUE TO MARCH ONWARD AS COMMUNISTS." HE SUGGESTED THAT ANY BRIGHTENING OF PEACE PROSPECTS WAS DUE RATHER TO A CHANGE OF HEART AMONG THE CAPITALIST LEADERS.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID HE WAS EMPOWERED TO "SIGN IMMEDIATELY" A DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT DURING HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.

"I BELIEVE THAT THE PRESIDENT (EISENHOWER) ALSO WANTS THIS, BUT APPARENTLY, HE CANNOT DO IT BECAUSE THERE ARE STILL STRONG QUARTERS IN THE UNITED STATES OPPOSING DISARMAMENT."

KHRUSHCHEV CRITICIZED GOV. NELSON ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK FOR--AS HE PUT IT--ATTEMPTING TO "TURN BACK THE POINTER OF THE BAROMETER WHICH IS TENDING TOWARDS THE LESSENING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION."

TURNING TO HIS FORTHCOMING VISIT TO FRANCE, THE SOVIET LEADER SAID HE EXPECTED TO "ATTAIN MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING" WITH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

"OF COURSE OUR POSITIONS OVER THE QUESTION OF GERMANY ARE DIFFERENT BUT I BELIEVE THIS IS MORE A DIFFERENCE OF FORM THAN OF SUBSTANCE BECAUSE FRENCH SYMPATHIES FOR GERMAN REVENGE SEEKERS ARE NO GREATER THAN OURS," HE ADDED.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S PLAN TO BUILD A RADIO STATION IN WEST BERLIN IS REGARDED AS "UNLAWFUL AND AS A PROVOCATION."

"WE HAVE NEVER RECOGNIZED, WE DO NOT RECOGNIZE AND WE SHALL NEVER RECOGNIZE YOUR RIGHTS TO WEST BERLIN," HE TOLD THE WEST GERMANS.

HL557PES

A134WX

(200) FOLO MOSCOW

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)--THE PENTAGON, WHICH HAS HAD ITS TROUBLES WITH AMERICAN MISSILE OUTPUT, REACTED TONIGHT WITH OFFICIAL SILENCE TO RUSSIA'S CLAIM OF ROCKET PRODUCTION AT A HIGH RATE.

A SPOKESMAN SAID THERE WAS NO COMMENT WHEN HE WAS ASKED ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV THAT ROCKETS WITH HYDROGEN WARHEADS ARE COMING OFF THE ASSEMBLY LINE AT ONE SOVIET PLANT AT A RATE OF 250 A YEAR.

DISPATCHES REPORTING KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH LAST FRIDAY DID NOT MAKE CLEAR WHETHER HE MEANT THIS ONE PLANT WAS PRODUCING ALL OF RUSSIA'S NUCLEAR ROCKETS.

ALSO LEFT OPEN WAS THE QUESTION OF WHETHER HE REFERRED TO LONG-RANGE INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES OR TO MEDIUM-RANGE WEAPONS AS WELL.

SOME SOURCES BELIEVE RUSSIA MAY HAVE HUNDREDS OF MISSILES WITH A RANGE OF ABOUT 700 MILES. SUCH ROCKETS COULD REACH WESTERN EUROPE FROM COMMUNIST AREAS.

SOME CONGRESS MEMBERS HAVE CREDITED RUSSIA WITH HAVING A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.



SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY HAS SAID THAT ON THE BASIS OF INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES HE EXPECTED RUSSIA WOULD HAVE ABOUT 10 ICBMS READY BY THE END OF THIS YEAR.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ICBMS PLANNED BY THE UNITED STATES PROBABLY WOULD NOT EQUAL THE 250 FIGURE MENTIONED BY KHRUSHCHEV, IF HE WAS REFERRING ONLY TO INTERCONTINENTAL RANGE WEAPONS.  
JC1025PES

A159NH

(160)

PRINCETON, N.J., NOV. 17 (AP)--A LEADING SOVIET ATOMIC SCIENTIST SAID TODAY HE DID NOT FEEL SOVIET SCIENTISTS WERE IN "A RACE" WITH AMERICAN SCIENTISTS.

"WE'RE DOING A GREAT DEAL OF WORK IN THE SAME FIELDS, BUT IT IS DIFFICULT TO MAKE COMPARISONS," SAID PROF. V.S. EMEL'YANOV, DIRECTOR OF MAIN ADMINISTRATION FOR THE USE OF ATOMIC ENERGY IN THE SOVIET UNION. "THIS IS NOT A RACE OR A FOOTBALL GAME, BUT SCIENCE."

EMEL'YANOV MADE HIS REMARKS TO A NEWS CONFERENCE AFTER VISITING THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION'S RESEARCH PROJECT AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY'S FORRESTAL RESEARCH CENTER.

THE SOVIET PHYSICIST HEADS A DELEGATION OF NINE SCIENTISTS TOURING THE UNITED STATES AS PART OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S HIGH-LEVEL CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM. TOP AMERICAN PHYSICISTS HAVE PREVIOUSLY TOURED THE SOVIET UNION.

THE VISITORS WERE BRIEFED AND ESCORTED THROUGH THE CENTER BY DR. HENRY DEWOLF SMYTH, CHAIRMAN OF THE PRINCETON UNIVERSITY RESEARCH BOARD AND FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE AEC.

SMYTH SHOWED THE VISITORS THE CENTER'S THREE BILLION (B) ELECTRON VOLT ACCELERATOR, A HIGH INTENSITY PROTON CYNCHOTRON DESIGNED TO PROBE ATOMIC PARTICLES.

THE RUSSIANS WERE BRIEFED ON, BUT NOT SHOWN, THE STELLARATOR, A DEVICE DESIGNED TO HARNESS THE POWER OF THE H-BOMB FOR PEACEFUL USE.

NEITHER DEVICE HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

JB1144PES

A87

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV ADMITS HE READS WESTERN NEWSPAPERS TO FIND OUT WHAT'S GOING ON--AND THINKS SOVIET ORGANS ARE DULL.

IN A SPEECH REPORTED BY TASS TODAY ON A MEETING OF SOVIET JOURNALISTS LAST FRIDAY HE SAID HE READS MORE OF THE WRITINGS OF THEIR WESTERN COUNTERPARTS THAN THEIRS BECAUSE "WE MUST KNOW WELL WHAT IS TAKING PLACE IN THE CAPITALIST WORLD...WHAT THEY SAY AND WRITE ABOUT THE SOVIET UNION."

"THERE IS STILL MUCH DULL STUFF IN OUR PAPERS," HE CHIDED.

"SOMETIMES YOU TAKE A PAPER, FINGER IT THROUGH AND PUT IT ASIDE. AND AFTERWARDS YOU CANNOT EVEN RECALL WHAT IT SAID."

JA745PES

A149

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)--DIPLOMATIC SOURCES REPORTED LAST NIGHT THAT PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IS TRAVELING AGAIN, THIS TIME INTO THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE SOVIET UNION.

PREMIER SEKOU TOURE OF GUINEA IS DUE IN MOSCOW LATER THIS WEEK, INSURING KHRUSHCHEV'S RETURN BY THEN.

FV1140AES

A155

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)--FAISAL SAMIR, IRAQI NATIONAL GUIDANCE MINISTER, TOLD A KREMLIN AUDIENCE TODAY THAT HIS COUNTRY WILL NOT JOIN ANY INTERNATIONAL BLOC.

HE MADE THE STATEMENT AT A RECEPTION ATTENDED BY ABOUT 150 FOREIGN DIPLOMATS. SAMIR AND AN IRAQI DELEGATION HAVE BEEN HERE 12 DAYS DISCUSSING TRADE AND OTHER MATTERS WITH SOVIET OFFICIALS.

30.24-9247

SAMIR SAID "WE WANT TO BE NEUTRAL, POSITIVELY NEUTRAL TOWARD ALL NATIONS WITHOUT ANY DISCRIMINATION. THESE ARE THE WORDS ALSO OF PREMIER KASSEM."

"WE WANT TO COLLABORATE WITH OTHER ARABS AND WILL SUPPORT THE STRUGGLE OF ARABS EVERYWHERE."

UM1115PES

A104

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)--DR. SALAH KHALES, DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE IRAQI MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, TODAY REPORTED PLANS FOR A TECHNICAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE WITH THE SOVIET UNION WHICH HE SAID "WILL BE EQUIVALENT TO THE OPENING OF A UNIVERSITY IN OUR COUNTRY." IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THE TRADE UNION NEWSPAPER TRUD, KHALES SAID LARGE NUMBERS OF IRAQI SCIENTISTS, SPECIALISTS AND TEACHERS WOULD BE SENT TO THE SOVIET UNION TO STUDY ITS ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL PROGRESS.

KHALES ALSO SPOKE OF SENDING 300 IRAQI STUDENTS TO THE SOVIET UNION. HE SAID TRAINING IRAQI STUDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES COST 10 TIMES AS MUCH AS IN RUSSIA, EXCLUSIVE OF TRANSPORTATION, MEDICAL SERVICES AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

B910AES

E94-6111

NIGHT LEAD MIKOYAN

HALIFAX, N.S., NOV. 17 (AP)--SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN FLEW HERE FROM MOSCOW TODAY FOR AN OVERNIGHT VISIT. HE IS EN ROUTE TO MEXICO TO OPEN A SOVIET TRADE FAIR.

MIKOYAN AND A PARTY OF 27 LANDED AT HALIFAX'S SHEARWATER AIRPORT. THEY STOPPED TWO HOURS AT KEFLAVIK, ICELAND, EN ROUTE.

THE PARTY WAS MET BY PREMIER ROBERT L. STANFIELD OF NOVA SCOTIA AND DR. A. AROUTUNIAN, SOVIET AMBASSADOR TO CANADA. FISHERIES MINISTER J. ANGE MACLEAN (CAP L.) DELIVERED A MESSAGE OF GREETING FROM PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER.

MIKOYAN AND SOME OF HIS COMPANIONS WERE LODGED IN GOVERNMENT HOUSE, RESIDENCE OF NOVA SCOTIA'S LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR E. C. PLOA.

MIKOYAN LEAVES TOMORROW MORNING FOR MEXICO CITY. HE WILL OPEN THE SOVIET SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND CULTURAL EXPOSITION THERE SATURDAY.

MIKOYAN LOST HIS SMILING COMPOSURE BRIEFLY AT A PRESS CONFERENCE WHEN ASKED ABOUT A REPORT IN THE UNITED STATES THAT 150 HUNGARIAN YOUTHS ARE UNDER DEATH SENTENCE AS A RESULT OF THE 1956 HUNGARIAN



UPRISING.

"DON'T BELIEVE IT," HE SAID. "AMERICA DOESN'T KNOW THE STATE OF AFFAIRS IN HUNGARY."

A SHORT TIME LATER, A GROUP OF HUNGARIAN IMMIGRANTS DEMONSTRATED OUTSIDE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AS MIKOYAN ARRIVED.

THERE WERE ONLY A FEW SHOUTS AND CATCALLS. POLICE SAID MIKOYAN APPEARED TO NOTICE THE GROUP BY MADE NO COMMENT BEFORE ENTERING THE HOUSE.

BJ103AES

A111 (240)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD ADENAUER

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, NOV. 17 (AP)—CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER SAID TONIGHT HIS TALKS IN BRITAIN ARE OFF TO A VERY GOOD START AND HE IS SURE THEY WILL REACH A SATISFACTORY CONCLUSION.

THE 83-YEAR-OLD WEST GERMAN LEADER OPENED A THREE-DAY VISIT TO BRITAIN TODAY WITH TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN INTENDED TO SETTLE THEIR LONG-STANDING DIFFERENCES.

BOTH SPOKE BRIEFLY TONIGHT AT THE ANNUAL BALL OF THE ANGLO-GERMAN ASSN. ADENAUER, SPEAKING IN GERMAN, SAID THEIR EXCHANGE WAS "VERY FRIENDLY, SERIOUS AND CORDIAL."

"I'M HERE TO HAVE POLITICAL TALKS," HE SAID. "WE HAVE MADE A VERY GOOD START TODAY. I'M SURE THAT WE SHALL COME TO A GOOD AND VERY SATISFACTORY CONCLUSION FOR ALL OF US."

"WHEN I ARRIVED IN LONDON THIS MORNING I EXPECTED, BY ALL THE ACCOUNTS IN THE GERMAN PRESS, TO GET A GREAT DEAL OF HOSTILITY AND TO SEE UNFRIENDLY FACES. BUT QUITE THE OPPOSITE WAS TRUE. I SAW MANY FRIENDLY FACES AND PEOPLE WAVING AND WELCOMING ME TO BRITAIN."

MACMILLAN, WHO ACCOMPANIED ADENAUER, SAID WEST GERMANY AND BRITAIN MUST WORK TOGETHER IN AN HONORABLE PARTNERSHIP.

"MANY OF US HERE TONIGHT," HE SAID, "HAVE SPENT THE BEST YEARS OF OUR YOUTH SEEING OUR COUNTRIES LOCKED IN BITTER CONFLICT. HOW SPLENDID IT IS TO FEEL THAT WE ARE NOW PARTNERS IN THE PRESERVATION OF PEACE AND LIBERTY THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

THE AFFAIR WAS ATTENDED BY SOME OF BRITAIN'S TOP POLITICAL FIGURES. THEY INCLUDED LABOR LEADER HUGH GAITSKELL.

DESPITE THE EXPRESSIONS OF HARMONY, THERE WERE SIGNS BRITAIN WAS STANDING FIRM ON ITS MAIN POLITICAL DISPUTE WITH WEST GERMANY.

FLANKED BY ADVISERS THE TWO LONG-BICKERING ALLIED LEADERS CONFERRED AT MACMILLAN'S RESIDENCE FIVE HOURS AFTER ADENAUER'S GERMAN AIRLINES PLANE LANDED.

ABOUT 1,300 LONDONERS WITNESSED THE CHANCELLOR'S ARRIVAL IN VIRTUAL SILENCE. THERE WERE NO FLAGS, NO FLOWERS, NO FUSS. BUT THERE WERE WARM HANDSHAKES FROM MACMILLAN AND OTHER GOVERNMENT MINISTERS.

AS THE TALKS BEGAN ONE NEW POSSIBILITY WAS REPORTED BY INFORMED DIPLOMATS. MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER MAY DISCUSS THE FUTURE OF ALFRIED KRUPP'S GIANT COAL-STEEL EMPIRE IN WEST GERMANY.

UNDER A 1953 ALLIED AGREEMENT KRUPP WAS ORDERED TO DIVEST HIMSELF OF 74 PER CENT OF HIS HOLDINGS. THIS WAS TO INSURE AGAINST THE RESURRECTION OF A COMBINE THAT HAD HELPED BUILD HITLER'S WAR MACHINE.

AN AMERICAN-BRITISH-FRENCH-WEST GERMAN COMMISSION IS WEIGHING WHETHER TO GRANT A REQUEST BY ADENAUER THAT KRUPP BE ALLOWED TO KEEP HIS MULTIBILLION DOLLAR INTERESTS.

THE UNITED STATES SEEMS TO SHARE ADENAUER'S BELIEF THAT AN ENFORCED SELL-OUT BY KRUPP WOULD DISLOCATE EUROPEAN ECONOMY TO THE ALLIED DISADVANTAGE.

ANOTHER DEVELOPMENT WAS THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT ILLNESS FORCED SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL TO CANCEL AN APPOINTMENT WITH THE CHANCELLOR.

CHURCHILL'S PRIVATE SECRETARY, ANTHONY MONTAGUE BROWN, SAID HE HOPED SIR WINSTON WOULD BE UP AND ABOUT SHORTLY.

THE MEETING BETWEEN CHURCHILL, 84, AND ADENAUER 83, WAS TO HAVE BEEN ONE OF THE HIGHLIGHTS IN THE CHANCELLOR'S THREE-DAY PROGRAM.

OFFICIAL BRITISH AND WEST GERMAN SPOKESMEN SAID MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER RANGED OVER THREE MAIN TOPICS:

1. THE TIMING AND AGENDA FOR AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE. MACMILLAN WANTS AN EARLY MEETING WITH A STOP GAP DEAL ON BERLIN AS THE TOP ITEM. ADENAUER WANTS TO GO SLOW ON A SUMMIT MEETING AND IS FEARFUL OF ANY DEAL WITH THE RUSSIANS ON BERLIN.

2. ECONOMICS. BOTH MEN APPARENTLY AGREED ON THE NEED FOR LINKS BETWEEN THE "OUTER SEVEN" ECONOMIC GROUP IN EUROPE LED BY BRITAIN AND THE "INNER SIX" COMMON MARKET LED BY FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY.

MACMILLAN WARNED THAT THE COMMON MARKET MUST STAY OUT OF POLITICS AND FOLLOW A LIBERAL TARIFF POLICY, OR FACE THE PROSPECT OF A TRADE WAR.

3. DISARMAMENT. ADENAUER PRESSED HIS CASE FOR MAKING THIS THE MAIN SUBJECT OF SUMMIT NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN DESCRIBED THE ATMOSPHERE AS "FRANK AND INTIMATE."

THIS SUGGESTED THAT THE TWO LEADERS PULLED NO PUNCHES IN THEIR REVIEW OF THE SNIPING BETWEEN THEM FOR THE PAST YEAR.

THE SNIPING BEGAN AFTER MACMILLAN'S SOLO MISSION TO MOSCOW EARLY THIS YEAR. ADENAUER FEARED MACMILLAN'S POLICY TOWARD THE KREMLIN WAS TOO SOFT.

BN/SS310PES

A97

(120)

LONDON, NOV. 17 (AP)—FIELD MARSHAL LORD MONTGOMERY, 72, TODAY SAID HE MAY GO TO COMMUNIST CHINA AFTER VISITING PRIME MINISTER NEHRU NEXT JANUARY.

"I'D LIKE TO HAVE A FULL PICTURE OF WHAT IS GOING ON IN PEIPING," SAID THE FIELD MARSHAL, WHO PAID AN INFORMAL VISIT TO PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW LAST APRIL.

MONTGOMERY SAID HE HAD NOT BEEN INVITED BY ANY RED CHINESE LEADER.

"IF I WAITED TO BE ASKED, I WOULD NEVER GO ANYWHERE," HE SAID. MONTGOMERY, COMMENTING ON HIS BIRTHDAY, SAID:

"IN MY LIFE I HAVE SEEN A LOT OF FIGHTING. I DON'T LIKE IT. I THINK FIGHTING IS UNPRODUCTIVE. I WOULD LIKE TO MAKE SOME CONTRIBUTION TO A PEACEFUL WORLD. I WANT MY CHILDREN AND MY CHILDREN'S CHILDREN TO GROW UP TO BE GOOD CITIZENS IN A PEACEFUL WORLD."

EDLHW842AES

EDLHW842AES

A89

(350)

BY HENRY S. BRADSKER

NEW DELHI, INDIA, NOV. 17 (AP)—THE INDIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY TODAY CHARGED THAT CHINESE COMMUNISTS USED "PRESSURE AND THREATS" TO EXTORT STATEMENTS FROM 10 INDIAN POLICEMEN CAPTURED DURING A CLASH IN THE DISPUTED LADAKH REGION OF KASHMIR OCT. 21.

THE MINISTRY SAID THE 10 MEN, RELEASED BY THE CHINESE LAST SATURDAY, REPORTED THEY WERE "KEPT UNDER SEVERE LIVING CONDITIONS" AND "SUBJECTED TO CONTINUOUS INTERROGATION FROM THE TIME OF THEIR ARREST TO THE TIME OF THEIR RELEASE."

THE MINISTRY SAID IT EXPECTS FULL REPORTS FROM KASHMIR SOON ON THE



NATURE OF THE STATEMENTS EXTRACTED FROM THE MEN.  
THE BODIES OF NINE INDIANS KILLED IN THE CLASH WERE TURNED OVER TO INDIAN AUTHORITIES SATURDAY ALONG WITH THE PRISONERS. THE FIGHT TOOK PLACE IN A BORDER AREA BOTH COUNTRIES CLAIM.

INDIAN AND RED CHINA NOW ARE EMBROILED IN A BITTER DISPUTE OVER THE LADAKH AREA AS WELL AS THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER BETWEEN TIBET AND INDIA. BUT OPPOSITION MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ALSO EXPRESSED CONCERN YESTERDAY OVER BARA HOTI, A TINY MEADOW HIGH IN THE HIMALAYAS WHOSE OWNERSHIP HAS BEEN DISPUTED BETWEEN INDIA AND CHINA FOR FIVE YEARS.

A NEW DELHI NEWSPAPER HAD REPORTED THAT BOTH SIDES WERE WITHDRAWING THEIR FORCES FROM BARA HOTI FOR THE WINTER. PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TOLD PARLIAMENT THAT THE CHINESE DID NOT ENTER THE AREA LAST SUMMER, AND UNARMED INDIAN PERSONNEL WHO WERE THERE LEFT SEPT. 13.

INDIA AND RED CHINA HAVE AGREED THAT NEITHER WILL TRY TO CHANGE THE STATUS OF BARA HOTI, NEHRU SAID, ADDING, "WE ARE ABIDING BY THIS AGREEMENT AND SO FAR AS WE KNOW THE CHINESE ARE ALSO."

IN CALCUTTA, MEANWHILE, PREMIER JIGME DORJI OF BHUTAN SAID THE CHINESE REDS HAD INTENSIFIED A PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN URGING A HIMALAYAN BUFFER STATE MADE UP OF INDIA'S NORTHEAST FRONTIER AGENCY, BHUTAN, SIKKIM, NEPAL AND LADAKH, WHICH FORM A CHAIN ALONG THE SOUTHERN BORDER OF COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED TIBET.

NEPAL IS AN INDEPENDENT KINGDOM, SIKKIM AN INDIAN PROTECTORATE AND BHUTAN ALSO LOOKS TO INDIA FOR GUIDANCE AND PROTECTION.

DORJI SAID HIS GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO RAISE A 2,500-MAN REGULAR ARMY IN ADDITION TO ITS BORDER MILITIA BECAUSE OF THE "EXISTING THREAT" FROM RED CHINA.

USRAFS

A146  
NEW DELHI, INDIA, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE DALAI LAMA WOULD LIKE TO TALK WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ON THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO INDIA NEXT MONTH, REPORTS FROM THE TIBETAN LEADER'S EXILE AT MUSSOORIE SAID TODAY.

AN INFORMAL APPROACH HAS BEEN MADE TO THE U.S. EMBASSY IN NEW DELHI THE REPORTS SAID. BUT AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN DENIED KNOWLEDGE OF THIS.

THE EMBASSY PROBABLY IS TRYING NOT TO OFFEND THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT, WHICH HAS DISCOURAGED ANY CONTACTS BETWEEN THE DALAI LAMA AND FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS. THE GOVERNMENT FEARS RED CHINA WOULD CHARGE THAT THE DALAI LAMA WAS USING INDIA TO FOMENT TROUBLE.

FV1133AES

A173

(370)

FIRST LEAD UNAMERICAN  
NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)-A CONGRESSMAN SAID TODAY MOST PUERTO RICANS ARE LOYAL AMERICANS BUT THERE IS "A HARD CORE OF COMMUNISTS" IN PUERTO RICO AND NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMMENT CAME FROM REP. GORDON H. SCHERER (R-OHIO), A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SUBCOMMITTEE, AS THE SUBCOMMITTEE ENDED TWO DAYS OF HEARINGS HERE INTO COMMUNIST ACTIVITY AMONG PUERTO RICANS.

THREE WITNESSES WERE CALLED TODAY. ONE WAS ORDERED OUT OF THE HEARING ROOM, ANOTHER WITHDREW AND A THIRD CITED THE FIFTH AMENDMENT IN REFUSING TO ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS. TEN HOSTILE WITNESSES APPEARED BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE WILL RESUME THE HEARING LATER IN THE WEEK IN SAN JUAN, P.R.

SCHERER WAS THE ONLY SUBCOMMITTEE MEMBER PRESENT AT TODAY'S SESSION.

SCHERER SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE WISHED TO SHOW THAT "HERE IN NEW YORK CITY AND IN PUERTO RICO THERE IS A HARD CORE OF COMMUNISTS WHO, NEITHER LOYAL TO THE UNITED STATES OR THE PEOPLE OF PUERTO RICO, ARE DEDICATED

30.24-9249

AGENTS OF THE SOVIET APPARATUS."

HE SAID CORE MEMBERS ARE "INJECTING THEMSELVES INTO EVERY ACTIVITY, INTO EVERY GROUP, INTO EVERY MOVEMENT WHEREVER POSSIBLE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STIRRING UP DISSENSION, HATRED AND ILL-WILL TOWARD THE UNITED STATES."

SCHERER ALSO READ A STATEMENT FROM REP. WILLIAM M. TUCK (D-VA), SUBCOMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, SAYING THE "BRIEF SAMPLING" MADE IN NEW YORK VERIFIED INFORMATION THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAD DEVELOPED THE PAST SEVERAL MONTHS.

WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, NEGRO GENERAL MANAGER OF "THE WORKER," COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER, WAS THE WITNESS ORDERED FROM THE HEARING ROOM, BY SCHERER, AFTER HE REPEATEDLY CHALLENGED THE JURISDICTION OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

RICHARD LEVINS, 29, DESCRIBING HIMSELF AS A COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY GRADUATE STUDENT, ANOTHER WITNESS, OBJECTED THAT QUESTIONS PUT BY RICHARD ARENS, SUBCOMMITTEE STAFF DIRECTOR, WERE IN THE FORM OF STATEMENTS. LEVINS SAID HE WAS WITHDRAWING, THEN STRODE FROM THE HEARING ROOM.

JOSE SANTIAGO, OF THE BRONX, DESCRIBING HIMSELF AS "A BLACK-LISTED DIAMOND CUTTER," TESTIFIED THAT "THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO IS PART OF THE LIBERATION MOVEMENT THERE."

SCHERER TERMED THIS THE MOST IMPORTANT STATEMENT MADE BEFORE THE COMMITTEE HERE. SANTIAGO INVOKED THE FIFTH AMENDMENT IN DECLINING TO ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS.

THE CONGRESSMAN SAID YESTERDAY, IN REPLY TO CHARGES BY SOME WITNESSES THAT MAINLAND AMERICANS ARE OPPRESSING PUERTO RICO, THAT HE AND OTHER CONGRESSMEN WERE WILLING TO VOTE FOR PUERTO RICAN INDEPENDENCE.

SCHERER ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT "80 PER CENT OF THE PUERTO RICANS DON'T WANT INDEPENDENCE." SUCH INDEPENDENCE, HE SAID, WOULD SAVE THE UNITED STATES AND NEW YORK CITY A LOT OF MONEY.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S CHAIRMAN, REP. WILLIAM M. TUCK (D-VA), EMPHASIZED THAT "THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF PUERTO RICANS ARE LOYAL AND PATRIOTIC." HE SAID COMMUNIST POWER STEMMED FROM "DISCIPLINED CONSPIRATORS."

ONE WITNESS, JORGE W. MAYSONET-HERNANDEZ, 47, DECLARED THAT PUERTO RICAN COMMUNISTS HAVE A RIGHT TO "FIGHT FOR LIBERTY." HE SAID "FORCE AND VIOLENCE ARE DETERMINED BY CIRCUMSTANCES AND BY THE POSITION OF REACTION."

MAYSONET-HERNANDEZ, WHO TOOK THE FIFTH AMENDMENT TO AVOID SAYING WHETHER HE WAS LABOR SECRETARY OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMUNIST PARTY OF SAN JUAN, SAID "THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO IS A SCREEN UNDER WHICH PUERTO RICO IS RUN AS A COLONY."

ANOTHER WITNESS, ARMANDO ROMAN, 54, WHO TOOK THE FIFTH TO AVOID SAYING WHETHER HE HAD BEEN EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE NEW YORK PUERTO RICAN ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, ADMITTED ADDRESSING A RALLY HERE NOV. 6. BUT HE REFUSED TO SAY WHO SPONSORED THE RALLY.

OTHER WITNESSES WERE JESUS COLON, 58, A COLUMNIST ON THE WORKER, A COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER HERE; FELIX OJEDA-RUIZ, 56, WHO WAS AMONG COMMUNIST LEADERS ARRESTED IN SAN JUAN IN 1954; WILLIAM NORMAN, 57, RUSSIAN-BORN FORMER STATE SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY; STANLEY L. WEISS, 29, WHO REFUSED TO SAY IF HE HAD TRAVELED TO PUERTO RICO; RAMON ACEVEDO, VICTOR AGOSTO, 37, MICHAEL CRENOVICH, 34, AND ANGEL RENE TORRES, 31.

ED838AES



B68 (Q)

WITH NEW YORK (A96) (110)  
SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, NOV. 17 (AP)-A GROUP OF 40 PUERTO RICAN EDUCATORS, LAWYERS, WRITERS, DOCTORS AND SENATORS ISSUED A STATEMENT TODAY PROTESTING HEARINGS TO BE HELD HERE BY THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SUBCOMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE IS IN NEW YORK INVESTIGATING COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES AMONG PUERTO RICANS AND IS TO TRANSFER ITS HEARINGS HERE LATER THIS WEEK.

THE STATEMENT SAID THE COMMITTEE "LACKS MORAL AUTHORITY TO EXERCISE ITS FUNCTIONS IN THIS ISLAND" AND "ITS PRESENCE WILL GIVE RISE TO A CLIMATE OF FEAR."

THE STATEMENT WAS ISSUED THROUGH CLARK FOREMAN OF THE EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK. SEN. LORENZO PINERO OF THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY SAID THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE WILL BE PICKETED WHEN IT MEETS IN THE SAN JUAN POSTOFFICE.

ML1116AES

A72

(420)

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION IS REPORTED HOLDING OUT FOR EAST-WEST PARITY ON THE PROPOSED PERMANENT U.N. COMMITTEE ON OUTER SPACE RESEARCH.

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VASILY V. KUZNETSOV REPORTEDLY MADE THE DEMAND SATURDAY IN A MEETING WITH CHIEF U.S. DELEGATE HENRY CABOT LODGE. LODGE REPORTED YESTERDAY TO A PRIVATE MEETING OF THE 13 FUNCTIONING MEMBERS OF THE PRESENT TEMPORARY OUTER SPACE COMMITTEE.

LAST YEAR, JUST BEFORE THE TEMPORARY COMMITTEE WAS SET UP, THE RUSSIANS INSISTED THAT THE NUMBER OF COMMUNIST AND NEUTRAL COUNTRIES TOGETHER ON IT EQUAL THE NUMBER OF WESTERN ALLIED COUNTRIES.

BECAUSE THE RUSSIANS DID NOT GET THAT FORM OF PARITY, THE SOVIET

UNION, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND POLAND ALL BOYCOTTED THE COMMITTEE. INDIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC ALSO REFUSED TO PARTICIPATE, CONTENDING THE COMMITTEE WAS MEANINGLESS WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION.

THE OTHER 13 COUNTRIES WENT AHEAD WITHOUT THEM AND EVENTUALLY RECOMMENDED THAT THE ASSEMBLY SET UP A PERMANENT COMMITTEE.

LODGE MET KUZNETSOV FIRST ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO AND TOLD HIM THE UNITED STATES WOULD LIKE FOR THE PERMANENT COMMITTEE TO HAVE THE SAME MEMBERSHIP AS THE FULL, 18-NATION TEMPORARY COMMITTEE.

DIPLOMATS SAID LODGE REPORTED YESTERDAY THAT IN THEIR SECOND TALK, KUZNETSOV ASKED FOR WHAT HE CALLED "BASIC PARITY." THIS WAS TAKEN TO MEAN A COMMITTEE OF EQUAL NUMBERS OF COMMUNIST AND WESTERN COUNTRIES PLUS A FEW NEUTRALS. THAT WOULD BE EVEN MORE THAN THE RUSSIANS DEMANDED LAST YEAR.

FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS ARE EXPECTED. THE WEST ALREADY HAS BOWED TO ONE COMMUNIST DEMAND FOR PARITY -- ON THE NEW 10-NATION DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE WHICH BEGINS NEGOTIATIONS IN GENEVA IN FEBRUARY -- AFTER HOLDING OUT FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

THE RUSSIANS LAST NIGHT ISSUED THEIR SECOND DENUNCIATION OF U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S CURRENT VISIT TO LAOS, ACCUSING HIM OF TRYING TO USE THE U.N. TO COVER UP "FURTHER INTERFERENCE OF THE WESTERN POWERS IN LAOS."

THE SOVIET STATEMENT MADE NO SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO THE U.N. ANNOUNCEMENT SUNDAY THAT HAMMARSKJOLD HAD ORDERED SAKARI TUOMIOJA, FINNISH EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE U.N. ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE, TO LAOS TO REMAIN THERE AS HIS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR A MONTH AFTER THE SECRETARY GENERAL RETURNS TO NEW YORK.

TUOMIOJA'S MISSION OFFICIALLY IS TO STUDY THE LAOTIANS' NEED FOR U.N. AID. ACTUALLY HE IS BEING SENT IN RESPONSE TO THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT'S PLEA THAT THE PRESENCE OF A PROMINENT U.N. OFFICIAL WOULD HAVE A RESTRAINING EFFECT ON THE COMMUNIST REBELS WHO WERE ATTACKING THE LAOTIAN ARMY LAST SUMMER.

JG657AES

A159 (110)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE U.N. ISSUED ANOTHER APPEAL TODAY FOR SOUTH AFRICA TO ABANDON ITS POLICIES OF RACIAL SEGREGATION. THERE WAS NO CHANCE THE SOUTH AFRICANS WOULD HEED THE APPEAL, FOR THEY BOYCOTTED THE DEBATE AS THEY HAVE IN THE PAST.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ADOPTED A RESOLUTION EXPRESSING DEEP REGRET AND CONCERN THAT SOUTH AFRICA HAD IGNORED ALL PREVIOUS U.N. APPEALS TO "RECONSIDER GOVERNMENTAL POLICIES WHICH IMPAIR THE RIGHT OF ALL RACIAL GROUPS TO ENJOY THE SAME FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS."

THE VOTE WAS 62-3 WITH 7 ABSTENTIONS. SOUTH AFRICA WAS ABSENT. FRANCE, BRITAIN AND PORTUGAL VOTED AGAINST THE RESOLUTION. THE UNITED STATES, WHICH SUPPORTED A SIMILAR RESOLUTION LAST YEAR, VOTED YES.

P1210PES

A171

(200)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES SOUGHT TODAY TO HEAD OFF A MOVE THAT WOULD INVITE RED CHINA TO A U.N. SPONSORED INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITIES.

U.S. DELEGATE ERLE COCKE JR. OBJECTED TO AN AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY CEYLON, INDONESIA AND FOUR COMMUNIST NATIONS TO A 19-NATION RESOLUTION PROPOSING THE CONFERENCE. THE AMENDMENT WOULD THROW THE CONFERENCE OPEN TO ALL NATIONS WHETHER MEMBERS OF THE U.N. OR NOT.

"SUCH AN INVITATION," COCKE TOLD THE 82-NATION LEGAL COMMITTEE, "WOULD RAISE SERIOUS POLITICAL PROBLEMS WHICH COULD NOT FAIL TO COMPLICATE THE CONVENING OF THIS CONFERENCE AND REDUCE ITS CHANCES OF SUCCESS."

IN AN OBVIOUS REFERENCE TO RED CHINA, COCKE DECLARED THAT "MANY MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS MIGHT BE UNWILLING TO PARTICIPATE IN A CONFERENCE WITH POLITICAL ENTITIES WHICH THEY DO NOT RECOGNIZE."

THE DISPUTED AMENDMENT WAS SPONSORED BY CEYLON, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, INDONESIA, POLAND, ROMANIA AND YUGOSLAVIA.

COCKE SAID HIS DELEGATION WOULD SUPPORT A RIVAL AMENDMENT WHICH WOULD INVITE ALL MEMBERS OF THE U.N. AND SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. IT WAS SPONSORED BY BELGIUM, MALAYA, GHANA, GREECE, ITALY, JAPAN, MEXICO, PAKISTAN AND BRITAIN.

THE PROPOSED CONFERENCE WOULD BE HELD IN NEW YORK, GENEVA OR VIENNA "NOT LATER THAN THE SPRING OF 1961" TO ADVANCE THE CODIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

LS1254PES

B21KX

(220) (APW)

SALT LAKE CITY, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES SAYS HIS GOVERNMENT WANTS TO BE CONSULTED IF THE UNITED STATES CONSIDERS RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA.

AMBASSADOR KOICHIRO ASAKAI TODAY SAID UNITED STATES RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA WOULD AFFECT JAPAN TREMENDOUSLY. JAPAN DOES NOT RECOGNIZE THE RED CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA WOULD BE VERY HELPFUL TO JAPAN ECONOMICALLY, THE AMBASSADOR SAID, "BECAUSE JAPAN TRADITIONALLY HAS RECEIVED MANY RAW MATERIALS FROM ITS NEIGHBORING COUNTRY." BUT HE POINTED OUT THAT THE POLITICAL PROBLEM OF RECOGNITION MUST BE CONSIDERED WITH THE ECONOMIC ASPECTS.

AND THE POLITICS OF RECOGNITION, HE SAID, IS THE MAJOR PROBLEM. THE AMBASSADOR PREDICTED ASIA WOULD CLOSELY FOLLOW THE U.S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS NEXT YEAR TO SEE IF THEY WOULD CHANGE ASIAN POLICY. HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT BE DISCOURAGED ABOUT REPORTS THAT IT IS UNPOPULAR IN ASIA.

"I THINK YOUR COUNTRY CAN BE POPULAR," HE SAID. HE USED THE

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U.S. ARMED FORCES IN JAPAN AS AN EXAMPLE. "ON THE WHOLE, THE OCCUPATION HAS BEEN A SUCCESS," HE SAID.  
 AMBASSADOR ASAKAI SAID NEGOTIATIONS ARE UNDERWAY IN JAPAN TO REVISE THE SECURITY TREATY WITH THE UNITED STATES. HE PREDICTED THE TREATY WOULD BE SIGNED NEXT YEAR AND POSSIBLY BY 1970, U.S. FORCES COULD BE WITHDRAWN FROM JAPAN, DEPENDING UPON THE POLITICAL CLIMATE AT THAT TIME.  
 THE AMBASSADOR SAID AS LONG AS JAPAN CONTINUES TO IMPROVE ITS ECONOMY, THE COMMUNIST INFLUENCE WILL DECREASE IN THE COUNTRY.  
 THE AMBASSADOR WAS HERE TO OPEN AN EXHIBITION OF JAPANESE ART AND CRAFTS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH.

LK314PCS

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6:30 A.M., EST, TODAY, TUESDAY, NOV. 17)  
 HUMPHREY (270) A9

(ADVANCE)--IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO, NOV. 17-(AP)-SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREYS CALLED TODAY FOR AN EXTENSION OF THE BAN ON NUCLEAR BOMB TESTING BY THE U.S. FOR ONE YEAR BUT NO LONGER UNLESS AGREEMENT IS REACHED AT THE GENEVA TALKS.

THE MINNESOTA DEMOCRAT URGED THE THREE NUCLEAR POWERS NEGOTIATING AT GENEVA, THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA, TO SET UP A TEST MONITORING SYSTEM UNDER UNITED NATIONS SPONSORSHIP TO SEE IF SUCH A CONTROL ARRANGEMENT COULD WORK.

HUMPHREY SAID PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WAS UNDER STRONG PRESSURE TO LET THE VOLUNTARY TEST BAN EXPIRE AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

THIS WOULD BE A GREAT MISTAKE, HE SAID, WOULD TURN WORLD OPINION AGAINST THE U.S. AND JEOPARDIZE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE WHICH HE SAID "IS COMING AS CLOSE TO SUCCESS AS ANY ARMS CONTROL CONFERENCE HAS COME SINCE THE END OF THE WAR."

HUMPHREY, IN REMARKS PREPARED FOR A PARTY LUNCHEON AT IDAHO FALLS NEAR THE NATION'S NUCLEAR REACTOR TESTING STATION IN EAST IDAHO, SAID HE "WOULD MAKE IT VERY CLEAR THAT THESE TEMPORARY EXTENSIONS WILL NOT BE EXTENDED REPEATEDLY."

ONE MORE YEAR SHOULD BE THE LIMIT FOR SUSPENSION WITHOUT AGREEMENT, HE SAID, AND IF THE U.S. EVER RESUMES TESTING IT SHOULD NEVER BE DONE IN THE ATMOSPHERE, "FROM GROUND LEVEL TO OUTER SPACE."

THE POTENTIAL PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE HAD TWO APPEARANCES SCHEDULED DURING HIS ONE-DAY TOUR OF IDAHO. THE OTHER WAS AN EVENING ADDRESS IN POCATELLO.

HUMPHREY, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, HAS CALLED FOR EXTENSION OF THE TEST BAN BEFORE, NOT ONLY TO STOP FALLOUT BUT AS A FIRST STEP TOWARD WHAT HE CALLS "A WORLD-WIDE SYSTEM OF GUARANTEED MUTUAL DISARMAMENT."

XM1233AMS NM

B121DC Q

FIRST LEAD DILLON AID

DES MOINES, NOV. 18-(AP)-UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON SAID HERE TONIGHT THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TRIPS TO FOREIGN CAPITALS HELP OTHER NATIONS GET A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF WHAT THE UNITED STATES IS TRYING TO DO ON THE WORLD FRONT.

DILLON MADE THIS COMMENT TO NEWSMEN IN ANSWER TO CRITICISM BY FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON WHO TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY THAT "WHEN THE ADMINISTRATION COMES TO THE END OF ITS WITS, THE PRESIDENT STARTS MOVING AROUND."

DILLON, HERE TO ADDRESS THE IOWA FARM BUREAU SAID AT HIS OWN NEWS CONFERENCE IN ADVANCE OF HIS SPEECH:

"IF HIS (ACHESON'S) INTENTION WAS TO DEPRECATE THE EFFICACY OF

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIPS I THOROUGHLY DISAGREE WITH HIM.

"IT WAS SHOWN BY THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP TO EUROPE THAT HE HAS A GREAT PERSONAL HOLD ON THE PEOPLE AND HE CAN BRING HOME TO THEM WHAT OUR POLICIES REALLY ARE."

"ONE OF OUR BIG PROBLEMS HAS BEEN UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN NATIONS AND GETTING OUR NATIONS TO UNDERSTAND WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO DO."

IN HIS SPEECH DILLON CALLED ON WESTERN EUROPE AND JAPAN TO JOIN THE UNITED STATES IN A STEPPED UP DRIVE TO AID NEWLY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES BEFORE THEY ARE TEMPTED BY COMMUNISM.

HE SAID THIS TASK DWARFS THE JOB THE UNITED STATES UNDERTOOK ALONE 14 YEARS AGO BY CONCEIVING A MARSHALL PLAN FOR AID TO WAR-SHATTERED NATIONS.

HE SAID THE WEST MUST HELP THE HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF PEOPLE IN AFRICA, ASIA, THE MIDDLE EAST AND LATIN AMERICA.

"I REGARD IT NOT ONLY AS THE GREATEST CHALLENGE OF THE 60S BUT AS THE FOREMOST PROBLEM OF THE WHOLE LATTER HALF OF THE 20TH CENTURY," DILLON SAID.

IF THESE AREAS ARE NOT GIVEN REASONABLE HOPE OF PROGRESS UNDER FREEDOM, DILLON SAID, "THEN THEY WILL BE SURELY TEMPTED TO TRY SHORTCUTS WHICH PURPORT TO OFFER SOLUTIONS FOR ALL THEIR PROBLEMS."

"INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM... IS READY TO SUGGEST JUST SUCH A SHORTCUT AND ABLE TO MAKE IT SEEM ATTRACTIVE WITH OFFERS OF TRADE AND AID."

"IF THESE COUNTRIES SHOULD SUCCUMB, THEN THE FREEDOM WE ALL HOLD SO DEAR WOULD CERTAINLY BE LOST. FOR WE COULD NOT STAND ALONE IN A WORLD TURNED HOSTILE."

DILLON SAID THE EUROPEAN NATIONS AND JAPAN ARE NOW IN A POSITION TO AID SUBSTANTIALLY IN THIS TASK.

A166BA

JC1108PES

(100)

EDGEWOOD, MD., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE ARMY'S RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CHIEF TODAY DEFENDED GAS AS "THE MOST HUMANE SYSTEM OF WARFARE NOW IN EXISTENCE."

"WE DON'T SHOOT CONDEMNED CRIMINALS, WE USE THE MOST HUMANE MEANS--GAS," LT. GEN. ARTHUR G. TRUDEAU SAID IN AN INTERVIEW. "YET WHEN WE DISCUSS GAS A WEAPON OF WAR, THERE ARE THOSE WHO THROW UP THEIR HANDS IN HORROR."

MOST PEOPLE WHO REACT THIS WAY," TRUDEAU SAID, "HAVE NEVER SEEN THE HORRORS CAUSED BY SHOT AND SHELL." THE DECORATED VETERAN OFFICER SAID IF HE HAD TO BE A CASUALTY HE WOULD "RATHER BE GASED THAN SHOT."

TRUDEAU MADE HIS COMMENTS AS KEY CIVILIAN SCIENTISTS GATHERED AT THE ARMY CHEMICAL CENTER FOR A THREE-DAY MEETING.

DM1212AES NM

A158 (190)

MONTE CARLO, NOV. 17 (AP)-A SOVIET DELEGATE TO AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ATOMIC WASTE DISPOSAL INDICATED TODAY THAT NO ONE SHOULD DUMP RADIOACTIVE WASTES.

M. ZEMOKOV SAID IN AN ADDRESS OUTLINING SOVIET RESEARCH ON THE PROBLEM OF ATOMIC WASTES THAT "ONE DOES NOT HAVE THE RIGHT TO THROW AWAY ANYTHING. IT IS NECESSARY TO STORE EVERYTHING."

ZEMOKOV DID NOT ELABORATE ON THE REMARK AND THE HUNDREDS OF OTHER SCIENTISTS ATTENDING THE SIX-DAY CONFERENCE WERE PUZZLED AS TO HIS EXACT MEANING.

SCIENTISTS POINTED OUT THAT THE RUSSIAN WAS NOT CLEAR AS TO WHETHER HE WAS REFERRING TO ALL RADIOACTIVE BYPRODUCTS OR TO ONLY THE



HOT OR DANGEROUSLY RADIOACTIVE WASTES. OTHER DELEGATES WONDERED IF THE RUSSIAN WAS REFERRING TO THE DUMPING OF RADIOACTIVE WASTES IN THE SEA.

BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN DISPOSE OF SOME ATOMIC WASTE BY SEALING IT IN STEEL DRUMS AND DUMPING IT IN THE OCEAN. THE PRACTICE HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY SOME SCIENTISTS WHO INSIST THAT TOO LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE OCEAN TO USE IT FOR AN ATOMIC DUMPING GROUND.

ZEMOKOV SPOKE OF A RUSSIAN PROCESS FOR STORING RADIOACTIVE WASTES AFTER THEY HAD BEEN REDUCED TO SOLID BLOCKS BY DEHYDRATION. FRENCH SCIENTISTS SAID APPARENTLY IT WAS STILL ONLY A LABORATORY METHOD WHICH HAD NOT BEEN TRIED ON A LARGE SCALE.

P1207PES

A152

PARIS, NOV. 17 (AP)-FRANCIS PERRIN, FRENCH ATOMIC ENERGY CHIEF, SAID TODAY THE ATOMIC BOMB TEST IN THE SAHARA WILL BE ABOVE GROUND. PERRIN SAID THAT THE DANGER FROM FALLOUT WOULD BE AT A MINIMUM, BUT HE DECLINED TO SAY WHEN THE EXPLOSION IS TO TAKE PLACE. HE SPOKE AT A LUNCHEON OF THE ANGLO-AMERICAN PRESS ASSN.

FV1149AES

A22

VIENTIANE, LAOS, NOV. 17 (AP)-SAKARI TUOMIOJA, SPECIAL U.N. REPRESENTATIVE, ARRIVED TODAY TO BEGIN A STUDY OF LAOTIAN NEEDS FOR U.N. ECONOMIC AID AND TO ACT AS A WATCHDOG AGAINST COMMUNIST INFILTRATION.

THE FORMER FINNISH PRIME MINISTER WAS MET BY U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WHO HAS BEEN CONFERRING WITH PREMIER PHOUI SANANIKONE AND FOREIGN MINISTER KAMPAN PANYA.

HAMMARSKJOLD, WHO RETURNS TO NEW YORK THURSDAY, HAS ORDERED TUOMIOJA TO SPEND UP TO FOUR WEEKS IN THIS RESTIVE ASIAN KINGDOM.

PHOUI HAS URGED HAMMARSKJOLD TO NAME A PERMANENT U.N. MISSION HERE BECAUSE OF FEARS THAT COMMUNIST NORTH-VIET NAM MAY TRY TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT.

R335PES

A148

EISENSTADT, AUSTRIA, NOV. 17 (AP)-DOLING COMMUNIST MACHINEGUNS AND MINEFIELDS IN THE IRON CURTAIN "DEATH ZONE" A 26-YEAR-OLD HUNGARIAN

MADE HIS WAY TO AUSTRIA EARLY MONDAY.

FRANZ GODOB TOLD POLICE IT TOOK HIM EIGHT HOURS TO SNEAK ON HANDS AND KNEES ACROSS THE ONE-MILE STRIP OF FLOODLIGHTED BARBED WIRE FENCES.

HE WAS THE FIRST HUNGARIAN SINCE LAST JANUARY TO GET ACROSS THIS PARTICULARLY HEAVILY GUARDED SECTION OF THE BORDER.

FV1139AES

A103

HAGEN, GERMANY, NOV. 17 (AP)-TWO FORMER GERMAN OFFICERS WERE SENTENCED TO PRISON TODAY FOR THE SHOOTING OF 208 SOVIET AND POLISH MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

WOLFGANG WETZLING, FORMER SS (ELITE GUARD) COLONEL AND HIGH RANKING SS JUDGE, WAS SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT. ERNST KLOENNE, FORMER ARMY CAPTAIN, GOT SIX YEARS.

THE EVIDENCE SHOWED THAT A SUPERIOR ORDERED THE SHOOTINGS AT WARSTEIN, WESTPHALIA, WHERE THE PRISONERS WERE BILLETED IN 1945, BECAUSE FOREIGN LABORERS WERE CONSIDERED A POTENTIAL DANGER TO THE GERMAN PUBLIC.

B907AES

B55 (Q) 130

WUERZBURG, GERMANY, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT THE JAIL SENTENCE IMPOSED ON AN AMERICAN SOLDIER FOR ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE IN COMMUNIST CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAS BEEN SUSPENDED.

PVT. JOHN R. KENNEDY, 26, WAS CONVICTED BY COURT-MARTIAL SATURDAY AND SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS IN PRISON.

THE BRIEF ARMY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID ONLY THAT HIS SENTENCE HAS BEEN SUSPENDED. ALL COURT-MARTIAL CONVICTIONS ARE SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY HIGHER ARMY AUTHORITIES.

KENNEDY, (JEFFERSON APARTMENTS, 63RD AND JEFFERSON STREET) PHILADELPHIA, PA., SPENT 14 MONTHS IN CZECH PRISONS BEFORE HE WAS RELEASED OCT. 24.

HE CROSSED THE CZECH FRONTIER, WITH ANOTHER SOLDIER, PVT. COLE J. YOUNGERT, 22, OF DETROIT, MICH. YOUNGERT WAS SENTENCED TO 10 MONTHS IN JAIL BY THE CZECHS AND TO SIX MONTHS AT HARD LABOR BY THE ARMY WHEN HE CAME OUT. HIS SENTENCE WAS SUSPENDED EARLIER.

HW/BN959AES

B31 (Q)

(210)

KX

HONG KONG, NOV. 17 (AP)-U.S. SEN. HIRAM FONG TODAY MET HIS FIRST CRITICISM FROM A COMMUNIST CHINESE NEWSPAPER IN HONG KONG.

THE WEN WEI PAO RIDICULED REFERENCES BY THE HAWAII REPUBLICAN TO THE UNITED STATES AS "MY COUNTRY."

FONG IS THE FIRST U.S. SENATOR OF CHINESE ANCESTRY, AND CHINESE READERS SAID THE PAPER OBVIOUSLY WAS TRYING TO IMPLY THAT THE SENATOR WAS A RENEGADE BECAUSE HE HAD TAKEN U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

THE COMMUNIST PAPER ALSO SUGGESTED FONG ACTED AS A TOOL OF AMERICAN POLICY DURING HIS VISIT TO FORMOSA BY "URGING CHIANG KAI-SHEK AT EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO OBEY THE BEHESTS OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY."

THE COMMUNIST PRESS HERE HAS VIRTUALLY IGNORED FONG'S SIX-WEEK TOUR OF THE ORIENT. CHINESE OBSERVERS SAID HE PROVIDES A POOR TARGET FOR COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA BECAUSE HE IS SUCH A TELLING SYMBOL OF AMERICAN DEMOCRACY.

THE SON OF AN ILLITERATE CHINESE IMMIGRANT FARMER, FONG STARTED AS A SHOESHINE BOY ON HONOLULU'S STREETS AND BECAME A SUCCESSFUL LAWYER, BUSINESSMAN, SPEAKER OF THE TERRITORIAL HOUSE, AND NOW U.S. SENATOR.

HE ARRIVED IN HONG KONG SUNDAY FOR A ONE-WEEK VISIT AND HAS BEEN CONFERRING WITH CHINESE AND AMERICAN DIPLOMATS, POLITICIANS AND BUSINESSMEN, VISITING RESETTLE PROJECTS FOR CHINESE REFUGEES FROM COMMUNISM AND CATCHING UP WITH DISTANT RELATIVES AND FRIENDS.

HA728AES

A98

GROTON, CONN., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE GEORGE WASHINGTON, FIRST NUCLEAR SUBMARINE EQUIPPED FOR FIRING POLARIS BALLISTIC MISSILES, WAS BACK TODAY FROM HER FIRST SEA TRIALS WITH A "WELL DONE" STAMP FROM THE NAVY.

UPON THE SUBMARINE'S RETURN HERE YESTERDAY AFTER 36 HOURS OF TESTS, THE NAVY SAID THE GEORGE WASHINGTON MET ALL SPECIFICATIONS FOR UNDERWATER SPEED, CONTROL AND OPERATION.

IT WAS NOT A TEST OF THE GEORGE WASHINGTON'S WEAPONS SYSTEM, THE NAVY SAID, BUT OF HER PROPULSION PLANT AND GENERAL ABILITIES. VICE ADM. HYMAN G. RICKOVER, THE NAVY'S TOP AUTHORITY ON ATOMIC SUBMARINES, SAID AFTER RETURNING FROM THE TESTS THAT THE "SUPERB PERFORMANCE OF THE OFFICERS AND CREW OF THIS FINE SHIP IS A GOOD OMEN FOR THE FUTURE OF THE NAVY'S POLARIS PROGRAM."

HW844AES



B54

NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)-GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER PRESENTED THE ANNUAL FREEDOM AWARD LAST NIGHT TO DR. PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.

THE AWARD WAS MADE AT THE 18TH ANNIVERSARY DINNER OF FREEDOM HOUSE AND CITED SPAAK AS A "STATESMAN OF THE FREE WORLD GUIDING THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE."

FREEDOM HOUSE WAS FOUNDED IN 1941 AS A NEW YORK CENTER DEVOTED TO A FREE SOCIETY AND OPPOSED TO ALL FORMS OF TOTALITARIANISM.  
HW957AES

30.24- 9253

END  
NOV-17/59